



# THE STRATHMORE HARDWARE CO. AND BOY VALLEY

**BEAVER BOARD**  
Use it on your Walls  
in place of plaster  
Warm, durable and  
easy to put on  
**STRATHMORE HARD-  
WARE COY.**

VOL. II., NO. 50

STRATHMORE, ALBERTA SEPTEMBER 16, 1911.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year

4 STORES PHONE 28 ONLY ONE PRICE

## THE White & May Co., Ltd.

Here it is—the very SALE you have been looking for

Wind, bragg, blow and bluster although often used by little 2 x 4 stores to create a sensation and hoist their sales are not permanent factors to the upbuilding of any business, in fact such methods often act as a boomerang.

What counts with you is the right kind of Merchandise at the Right Prices

Goods that prove good values, that reach your most sanguine expectations of what real values ought to be when you get them home.

THAT'S WHAT THIS ONE PRICE STORE IS OFFERING

Here's a partial list of a few of the good things. There are others, and you will find them right up to representations, as we believe that misrepresentation has no part in the upbuilding of a business.

### 100 REMNANTS AT SPECIAL PRICES

20 pieces 15c **PRINTS AND GINGHAMS** at 10c per yard.  
20c, 25c and 35c **FOULARDS MUSLINS AND CREPES** at 12 1/2c per yard  
\$1 and \$1-25 **FANCY MUSLIN AND PRINT WAISTS** clearing at 75c  
50c semi-bleached **DAMA-K TABLING** nearly 2 yards wide for 35c  
**BOYS' HEAVY 25C HOSIERY** special 2 pairs for 35c  
**HORROCKSES** full bleached, yard wide, linen finished **COTTON** 15c per yard  
12 pair \$1-50 **LACE CURTAINS** for \$1.15 per pair



### MENS' AND BOYS' SUITS

Mens' \$15 suits for \$10. Mens' \$18 and \$20 suits for \$12.50.  
25 Boys' Suits 25 per cent under price  
**SEE WINDOW**  
New English Knicker Style also plain makes  
Fifty pair of \$1-40 **BIB OVERALLS**, large size, best makes, \$1-25 per pair  
Men's Mule and Mustang **GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS** 50c per pair.

### BOOTS AND SHOES

Mens', Youths' and Boys' **HARVEST BOOTS**, regular \$2 for \$1.75  
Tan or Black  
Men's, Youths' and Boys' **CANVAS BOOTS** \$1-25 per pair  
Boys' Solid Leather **SCHOOL BOOTS**, tan or black, special \$1.75, \$2 and \$2-50 per pair

**NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY**  
ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW FOR YOU TO SEE

### PURE FOOD DEPARTMENT

PLUMS PEARS PEACHES CANTELOUPS HUCKLE BERRIES  
WATER MELONS PINEAPPLES CRAB APPLES  
SWEET APPLES SOUR APPLES

COFFEE AND SPICE AND ALL THAT'S NICE,  
THE VERY BEST AT THE LOWEST PRICE

STORE WILL BE CLOSED LABOR DAY, MONDAY, SEPT. 4

MEET YOUR FRIENDS AT THE ONE PRICE STORE

## THE White & May Co., Ltd

A CHILD CAN DEAL HERE AS SAFELY AS A MAN

### Coal & Firewood

I have both Taber Coal, and the Best Northern Coal that can be had, on hand. Paid is going to be very scarce this winter. Put in your winter supply now while you can get it. If you want to get coal leave orders with me early.

**H. A. MICHAELIS**  
The Strathmore Coal Dealer

### EASTLAKE DAIRY

THE DAIRY THAT IS REVOLVING  
TIONIZING THE MILK  
TRADE OF THE  
TOWN

12 Quarts for \$1.00

22 Pints for \$1.00

**D. F. BOISSEVAIN & SON**

### HORSES & PONIES FOR SALE

A Card of  
**FINE 4-YEAR-OLD GELDINGS,  
DRIVERS, SADDLE HORSES,  
CHILDREN'S PONIES, ETC.**  
PRICES RIGHT

**CULLEN BROS. PANCH**  
10 mile, South Strathmore - 1-2-3-4-5

### LOCAL JOTTINGS

Two births are reported this week a son to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Weyers and a son to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hines

James Whitestone, the victim of the shooting accident last week, is doing well, and the doctors have every hope of saving his leg

Amateur Dramatic meeting on Monday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Saunders

Our "Valley View" correspondent will be pleased to have any item from the residents of Crowfoot Valley and will report same in this paper

The Women's Institute met in basement of the Methodist Church on Saturday afternoon. 30 ladies were present. Refreshments were served, and a general good time enjoyed. Next meeting, September 23, quota-lion from Whittier. Lane found in basket at luncheon in secretary's hands

Mexico Fruit Land, five acre tracts and town lot, and one Hundred Dollars worth of planting material, has for by show of hands perhaps one hand would go up, the cost of the segregation seemingly not caring to engage in that sort of thing during a church service. But that did not ruffle Rev. Campbell. "Any objections," he would say. "Carried!"

Strathmore has now got both the doctor and undertaker on the local board of health  
Senator Drake, Port Collins, Colo., has been here this week looking over his farm

Mr. C. W. Peterson, of the C.P.I.C., has been seriously ill for the past few weeks, but is now recovering. He is now on his way to New Jersey to recuperate

For quick sales list your land with C. V. Vancsoy, real estate

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, stopped off at Strathmore for about half an hour on Monday and looked over the Demonstration Farm. He was well pleased with the progress which had been made since his last visit and the evidences of good farming which were to be seen.

Work is to be started immediately on the new greenhouses and barn at the Demonstration Farm. The new greenhouses will double the area under glass at the farm, and it is justified by the success which has attended the present houses since they were started less than a year ago under the management of Mr. H. A. Freeman.

The contract for the new barn, which will enable the number of cows kept at the farm to be increased to over 200, has been let to Mr. Geo. H. Hill. The barn will be erected on the old Chase farm about two miles from town.

One of the finest stands of wheat and oats in the district is to be seen on the farm of Mr. F. J. Hartell, four miles west of town. Mr. Hartell has 450 acres in crop, principally wheat. It is untouched by frost and he has been cutting for the whole of the past ten days. He has what was stated by the government tree inspector a few weeks ago to be the finest grove of trees in this district.

In addition to grain, Mr. Hartell has 75 head of horses, including the Suffolk Punch stallion which won the championship in its class at the Dominion fair at Regina a few weeks ago, besides various other distinctions. He has also a number of cattle, pigs, poultry, etc., and his farm proves an object lesson in the desirability of mixed farming, which is the only way by which this country will become permanently prosperous. The farm is situated on the banks of the River, within a couple of miles of the yards of the main line of the C.P.R., and has been seen and admired from the train by many thousands since Mr. Hartell with his good lady, to whom the farm is devotedly attached, has been there 12 years ago. At that time more, and Chade was then only a section house, while the surrounding country was very sparsely populated. D. Ring has here Mr. Hartell has seen only one partial crop failure, and that was last year.

As an experiment Mr. Hartell sowed a small patch of Early Preston and some Red Fife wheat at the same time this spring to demonstrate to some of his sceptical neighbors that Early Preston is really much earlier than the other. The result to be seen now. Both wheats were cut last week, but the Preston was fully ripened, while the Red Fife was cut as green feed.

Last week a visiting minister, Rev. Mr. Campbell, was here on behalf of a very deserving cause, namely, the Alberta Bible Society. He spoke in all three churches, but in the one he spoke in last he adopted a very peculiar method of procedure. During his sermon, in which he referred to dollars and cents nearly as often as a speaker on reciprocity would, he proceeded to form a local branch of the Alberta Bible Society, and called for nominations for president, vice-president, secretary and committee. The ridiculous part of the procedure was that, when a vote was called for by show of hands perhaps one hand would go up, the cost of the segregation seemingly not caring to engage in that sort of thing during a church service.

But that did not ruffle Rev. Campbell. "Any objections," he would say. "Carried!" Afterwards considerable discussion took place as to how much money should be given by Strathmore as a subscription to the Society. Rev. Campbell hinted at \$100. Then someone else got up and said that \$50 would be enough, as the local churches had plenty of their own at present. Finally the amount was cut down to \$25. To most of the congregation the whole thing seemed most inappropriate, as a church service is called for the purpose of worship, and where the dollars and cents cease to trouble for the first time. The organization of the branch could have easily been done after the service by wishing those interested to remain behind or, better still, leaving it to a week-day. Dollars and cents is an ever-present proposition, and the purpose most people go to church is to get away from it for an hour and a half at least, and devote themselves to the sublimer planes of thought.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. R. Lambert, Mayor and Mayoress of Strathmore, have issued 200 invitations to a reception and ball to be held in the Opera House on Friday, September 22. The Mayor has shown a very generous and commendable spirit in doing this, and will form a good precedent for future mayors of our growing city.

**Socialist Meeting**  
Each of the two capitalist candidates, as they were called on Tuesday night, having been heard in Strathmore, it only remained to complete the round of Strathmore election gavelties to hear the Socialist side of the case, and there was quite a good attendance at the Opera House to hear what they had to say.

The chair was occupied by that old Socialist warhorse, Mr. D. P. Boissevain, but did not get started until an effort had been made to sell some socialist literature to the audience. Mr. Boissevain said that the appearance of a Socialist candidate in the field meant an epoch in the history of the constituency. Socialism was a thing founded on scientifically gathered data, and aimed to give the working man the full exchange value of the product of his labor.

In the opinion of Arthur Masters, the Socialist candidate, reciprocity was not worth while quarreling about. He represented the only Simon Pure brand of politics. The others were only trying to lead the working men. Socialists could not promise the working men government jobs, better salaries, or automobile rides to the polls, as the other parties did. They could only promise them more equitable labor conditions under socialism. Labor produced the wealth and to labor it should belong. It was the capitalist system that made socialists.

"Comrade" Gribble, a well known Calgary street corner orator, addressed the meeting, but as his remarks were of the most stereotyped kind it is hardly worth while reproducing them. He inveighed against the capitalists, and particularly the C.P.R.

### GUNS AND SHELLS

**DOUBLE-BARRELLED GUNS  
FROM \$10 TO \$50  
ELY SOVEREIGN AND WIN-  
CHESTER SHELLS**

For the Extra Hired Man

### COTS AND MATTRESSES

**W. E. BROWN**  
Hardware and Furniture  
**STRATHMORE - ALTA.**

## LUMBER

We have a big stock of building materials of all kinds on hand and it will pay everyone who intends building to call on us and look at our stock and get our prices before buying elsewhere. We know we can please you.

### RIVERSIDE LUMBER CO. LIMITED

W. S. GLADWIN, LOCAL MANAGER

### ENAMELLED BELT PINS, MAPLE LEAF

### BROOCHES AND COLLAR PINS

Make dainty gifts. These goods have just arrived and are the very latest patterns.

We are still agents for the Edison Phonograph. Call and hear the latest records.

A full line of stationery always on hand.

### W. E. CUMMING JEWELLER

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.



### WIRE, PAPER PAINTS AND OILS.

Remember I still have a few stumps in REAL ESTATE that you cannot afford to miss.

### C. W. CHASE

Strathmore Insurance a Specialty.

## Agricultural Exhibition Abandoned

The first annual Strathmore Agricultural Exhibition, which has been looked forward to for some time past, and which was to have been held on October 10 and 11, has been abandoned for the year 1911. The reason given by the committee who have had charge of the arrangements is that it is impossible to raise the prize money by subscription at the present time, as most of the local people do not feel in a position to contribute much just now. A committee up against a problem of that kind have a very hard problem to solve, and we do not altogether blame them for the action they have taken, though we consider that if more enthusiasm had been shown in the year earlier in the year and a more businesslike method adopted, the fair could have been a success, and the money raised. For instance, the proper way for this matter to have been gone about would have been to appoint a manager at a salary, who could have gone about the arrangements in a systematic way. As it was there was no one willing to do all of the work required in organizing a big affair like this without remuneration, and to the

hands of a body of men one left thing to the other to do, and of course very little was done. What makes it such a pity that the fair has been abandoned is that the district could have made an exceptionally good display, especially in vegetables and grain yields, this year, and would have been an advertisement worth thousands of dollars. An event of this kind, we believe, if properly started and boosted, could be made very successful, as witness the Strathmore agricultural school in February, which was the most successful of the schools throughout the province. There is no doubt, of course, that the partial crop failure last year reduced the amount of available money in the country, and until the money from the 1911 crop comes in, it will be hard to get much ready cash. An Agricultural Fair, is however, not a charity but a business proposition, which is certain to give a return, and if the matter had been put forward strongly in that light, we believe the fair could have been gone ahead with.

It is not a good thing to let the sports which have been such a staple in former years drop this year because the committee says they cannot put the big scheme through, and those interested in sport in Strathmore should get busy at once. There is no time to be lost.

**Shall We Hold Sports**  
The abandonment of the Agricultural Exhibition also involves the sports that were intended to have been held on the same date, and there has been some discussion as to whether these should be gone on with. It was the intention to hold sports on Labor Day, as that has been the custom here in former years, but these were dropped in part on understanding that the sports would be held in connection with the fair on October 10 and 11. There is every reason why these sports should be gone on with. There is about \$200 balance from last Labor Day sports lying in the bank, which will make a very good nucleus to start with. Then we presume the Sports could be held in the grounds granted to the Agricultural Society by the C.P.R., and a charge for admission could be made. Last year it was estimated that between 1500 and 2000 people attended the sports, and this at 25¢ per head, would total up quite a respectable amount. Hotelkeepers, restaurateurs, etc. would profit handsomely from the number of visitors in the town, and these could be looked for to subscribe well towards the prize fund.

It is not a good thing to let the sports which have been such a staple in former years drop this year because the committee says they cannot put the big scheme through, and those interested in sport in Strathmore should get busy at once. There is no time to be lost.

## THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY STANDARD

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

SINGLE COPY—5 CENTS.  
ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00  
OUT OF CANADA, - \$1.30

EDITOR—JOHN MACKENZIE

Legal Advertising. It costs a line for first insertion, and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion—12 lines to the inch. Local, 10 cents a line. Post, 15 cents a line. Want Advertisements, 60 cents one insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements at per column inch per month. Changes of advertising contracts should reach this office not later than noon each Thursday.

SATURDAY, SEP. 16TH, 1911.

### Some More Politics

The Bassano News and the Brooks Banner, in their last week's issues, have got it all figured out that they are not supporting the Government because they have not been carrying any Government advertising. We do not believe that either of these two papers would shine as much as they do without their Government advertising, but we do not think it is fair to say that they are not supporting the Government because they have not been carrying any Government advertising. We think that they are supporting the Government at the present juncture because they believe in the trade policy the Government is advocating at the present time. Our statement was that we were not supporting the Government's policy because we could not conscientiously do so, and because we were not supporting the Government that all the public advertising was being withheld from this paper. If we thought reciprocity was right we would support it, irrespective of advertising or anything else. We thought that had been made clear in our last editorial, but apparently the use of Liberal specialties conduces to a distorted vision. The Bassano News then airily dismisses the subject of Government interference with free speech in the press by talking about "certain trial advertisements." In the issue of the "Bassano News" from which we quote there appear three "trial" advertisements. One is for tenders for buildings on the Blackfoot Indian Reserve. Another commemorates the sittings of the Supreme Court of Alberta. Still another is a synopsis of the homestead regulations. Figured out on a basis of 10 cents per line (which is the nearest for practical purposes as these ads are worth 12¢ per line for the first and 8¢ per line for each subsequent insertion) these ads amount to about \$15.40 for one issue. There are fifty-two issues of a weekly newspaper in one year. On that basis it would make \$800 per annum. The amount varies, but it runs a little below that, but it still amounts to quite a sum, from a Strathmore point of view. Of course, Bassano people may be rolling in wealth so much, that they regard \$800 as "trivial" but we doubt it. What we said in last week's issue was that a country newspaper did not get this "trivial" advertising unless it supported the Government, and that it was only one of the many forms of bribery that the party in power have practiced for years past. There is no reason any reason apart from this why the people in Strathmore have no right to know when the Supreme Court sits, or that tenders are being asked for buildings on the reserve, or what the homestead regulations are, any more than the inhabitants of Bassano. The Strathmore people pay their taxes in the same rate as the people in Bassano, it is the taxpayers money that is being spent to pay for these advertisements. It means that the public money is being spent to promulgate Liberal opinions and to suppress others. We do not notice any advertising for the Conservative candidate in Medicine Hat raising decorating the pages of the "Bassano News." It may not have been offered, of course. We don't believe in talking shop, but we are only putting this case of Government business before our readers because it is a case we know something about, and that all kinds of about statements have been made regarding what we were doing. There are other instances of bribery of a similar kind, but the case we have given should be sufficient. We state again that pressure is being put upon the press throughout the country to suppress the other side of the case, and the public money is being used as a lever to do so. It is not the money part of it that is troubling us. We don't mind in the least taking money, in fact we are always ready and willing to accept it, but we don't want it with any strings attached. This is one definition of independence. Another can be found in the Grain Growers Guide, and is, in our opinion, good enough to publish for the benefit of those who do not know what independence really means.

"An indignant subscriber writes us that we are not independent because we favor reciprocity. Some people have the idea that independence means just what they happen to think."

We are rather sorry to have had to take up space in our previous issues and this on this subject, but we hope that we have now explained our position fully.

### Tax Rate 11 Mills SPECIAL MEETING OF TOWN COUNCIL

A special meeting of the Town Council was held on Wednesday evening to consider the Finance Committee's report. All the councillors were present, with Mayor Lambert presiding.

The first clause of the committee's report dealt with a large number of accounts, which were ordered to be paid.

The second clause recommended that the village assessment be adopted. This was absolutely necessary, as it was too late now to levy an assessment on the property tax by the incorporation. Carried.

The third clause of the report recommended a tax rate of 11 mills on the dollar. The present village assessment was about \$100,000, on this rate would cost about \$1400. They had \$1800 to pay off, and this would leave \$400 for current expenses, including improvements. D. McCulloch said he thought they were carrying far too much money over, and that they could not spend much money in improvements until next spring. It would mean that they would have over \$2000 of the ratepayers' money lying in the bank. He thought it would be better to fix the assessment lower, and if they required more money next summer to borrow it. With the scheduled rate of 11 mills and the town rate 11 mills they would be paying 22 mills on the dollar, and that was pretty near the limit. There were many ratepayers feeling very strongly about the increased taxation. He moved that the rate be 10 mills instead of 11. This was not seconded.

Dr. Givens said there would be a lot of incidental expenses now they had to reckon with. He said that there would be the salaries of the secretary-treasurer and the sanitary inspector, for instance.

W. E. Brown moved that the report of the committee, fixing the rate at 11 mills, be adopted. Seconded by Dr. Givens. On a division there voted for the 11 mills rate Brown, Givens, Gladwin, Lambert; against, McCulloch and Clement.

The finance committee recommended that a poll tax of \$2 per head be levied. Carried unanimously.

They also recommended that a tax of \$2 for each, rich and \$1 for each dog be levied. Carried.

In the course of some discussion regarding the post of sanitary auditor, Dr. Givens said that in his opinion the appointment of sanitary auditor this year was a very wise step. It had resulted in a much cleaner town, and this year he had not met a single case of typhoid in town, although last year there had been several.

The meeting then adjourned to meet again on Tuesday, 19th inst.

### Business Locals

How about this? A half section of the very choicest dry land for sale on the crop. Price \$1500.00 per acre. \$2000.00 per acre. Buyer to break two acres and fence the whole half section this year. Balance, 5¢ of crop to be delivered in elevator each year. Interest 6 per cent. Investigate this. HARRISON & KENNEDY.

15,000 acres of irrigable land just going on the market. Finest in Alberta. Prices and particulars on Application. This land is irrigated and can sell in large or small tracts. HARRISON & KENNEDY.

Don't neglect that insurance. We have the most liberal accident policy. Fire insurance a specialty. Call for particulars. HARRISON & KENNEDY.

A quarter section of fine irrigable land at Nightingale. Right on both Railroads cross. Price \$1500.00. Better see this. HARRISON & KENNEDY.

Stop at the Maple Leaf Hotel in Strathmore. They treat you right. P. J. HARRISON, Prop.

### Local Grain Prices

GOVERNED BY THE WHEATPOOL MARKET

SEPTEMBER 15, 1911

Wheat—No. 1 R. Winter	57.75
Do. 2 R. Winter	57.00
Do. 3 R. Winter	56.25
Do. 4 R. Winter	55.50
Do. 5 R. Winter	54.75
Do. 6 R. Winter	54.00
Do. 7 R. Winter	53.25
Do. 8 R. Winter	52.50
Do. 9 R. Winter	51.75
Do. 10 R. Winter	51.00
Do. 11 R. Winter	50.25
Do. 12 R. Winter	49.50
Do. 13 R. Winter	48.75
Do. 14 R. Winter	48.00
Do. 15 R. Winter	47.25
Do. 16 R. Winter	46.50
Do. 17 R. Winter	45.75
Do. 18 R. Winter	45.00
Do. 19 R. Winter	44.25
Do. 20 R. Winter	43.50
Do. 21 R. Winter	42.75
Do. 22 R. Winter	42.00
Do. 23 R. Winter	41.25
Do. 24 R. Winter	40.50
Do. 25 R. Winter	39.75
Do. 26 R. Winter	39.00
Do. 27 R. Winter	38.25
Do. 28 R. Winter	37.50
Do. 29 R. Winter	36.75
Do. 30 R. Winter	36.00
Do. 31 R. Winter	35.25
Do. 32 R. Winter	34.50
Do. 33 R. Winter	33.75
Do. 34 R. Winter	33.00
Do. 35 R. Winter	32.25
Do. 36 R. Winter	31.50
Do. 37 R. Winter	30.75
Do. 38 R. Winter	30.00
Do. 39 R. Winter	29.25
Do. 40 R. Winter	28.50
Do. 41 R. Winter	27.75
Do. 42 R. Winter	27.00
Do. 43 R. Winter	26.25
Do. 44 R. Winter	25.50
Do. 45 R. Winter	24.75
Do. 46 R. Winter	24.00
Do. 47 R. Winter	23.25
Do. 48 R. Winter	22.50
Do. 49 R. Winter	21.75
Do. 50 R. Winter	21.00
Do. 51 R. Winter	20.25
Do. 52 R. Winter	19.50
Do. 53 R. Winter	18.75
Do. 54 R. Winter	18.00
Do. 55 R. Winter	17.25
Do. 56 R. Winter	16.50
Do. 57 R. Winter	15.75
Do. 58 R. Winter	15.00
Do. 59 R. Winter	14.25
Do. 60 R. Winter	13.50
Do. 61 R. Winter	12.75
Do. 62 R. Winter	12.00
Do. 63 R. Winter	11.25
Do. 64 R. Winter	10.50
Do. 65 R. Winter	9.75
Do. 66 R. Winter	9.00
Do. 67 R. Winter	8.25
Do. 68 R. Winter	7.50
Do. 69 R. Winter	6.75
Do. 70 R. Winter	6.00
Do. 71 R. Winter	5.25
Do. 72 R. Winter	4.50
Do. 73 R. Winter	3.75
Do. 74 R. Winter	3.00
Do. 75 R. Winter	2.25
Do. 76 R. Winter	1.50
Do. 77 R. Winter	0.75
Do. 78 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 79 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 80 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 81 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 82 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 83 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 84 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 85 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 86 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 87 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 88 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 89 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 90 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 91 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 92 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 93 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 94 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 95 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 96 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 97 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 98 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 99 R. Winter	0.00
Do. 100 R. Winter	0.00

Flax—Manitoba Rejected. 1.75  
Prices supplied by F. R. LILLY, Alberta Pacific Elevator Co.

W. Sherman's stock company gave a performance of "The Old Maid" on Thursday evening.

## Just arrived, a car of Seal of Alberta

THE FAULTLESS FLOUR  
A Western Flour from  
Western Wheat  
Try a sack today

DOWNIE & SALMON  
General Merchants

The Woman's Shop  
THE LADIES OF STRATHMORE  
AND VICINITY

Are cordially invited to attend the opening display of pattern hats and exclusive millinery, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 12th and 13th, MRS. MCCLINTOCK MISS DESCH

The 1911 Crop will be a Money-maker, especially if Cut with a  
MASSEY-HARRIS BINDER

Stop around to the MASSEY-HARRIS Hall, on Third Street, and we will easily prove to you the superiority of the MASSEY-HARRIS in Binders as in all other kinds of farm machinery which we handle.

THE BINDER SUPPLY IS APT TO RUN SHORT, SO BOOK YOUR ORDER NOW

C. B. H. NELSON, THE AGENT

McCORMICK IMPLEMENTS  
BINDERS MOWERS AND RAKES

STEEL KING BETTENDORF  
HAMILTON AND PETROLIA WAGONS  
Of all Sizes

HAMILTON DEMOCRATS AND  
SINGLE BUGGIES ALL STYLES  
THE NEW AMERICAN GRAIN  
TANK IN TWO SIZES

WE NOW HAVE IN STOCK THE  
Hannson Engine Binder Hitch

WE HAVE GAS PLOWING ENGINES ALL SIZES  
ALSO THE AMERICAN ABELL STEAM  
PLOWING AND THRESHING ENGINES AND SEPARATORS

OUR PRICES AND TERMS ARE  
RIGHT—COME AND SEE US

GOFFRIER & SON

## THE STRATHMORE STANDARD IS THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE BOW VALLEY

**"ILKLEY"**  
Strathmore's Premier Dairy  
1908 A TWO COW DAIRY—1911 A NINETEEN COW DAIRY  
—AND STILL GOING SOME  
1908 I came, I saw, I started a First Class Dairy, though a small one, and I am still pursuing a first class dairy product. My milk and milking stock are of the highest quality and are produced by Government or the Public. Milk is delivered twice daily. My customers are my best advertisement so that it is not necessary to go away from friends. Milk bottled or otherwise in any quantity.  
12 Quarts St. Cream, 25¢ per pint, 10¢ half pint.  
The milk is put through a coarse strainer from the cow.  
H. R. KILN

**CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS**  
Must be handed in by 12 NOON on Thursday, to be guaranteed insertion.  
Soner if Possible.

**THIS IS YOUR fight**  
VOTE FOR VAN WART

A VOTE FOR RECIPROCITY MEANS

The recognition of the Farmers' demand  
A new market of 100,000,000 people  
Increased Immigration  
Higher Values for Farm Lands  
Larger Cities, Towns and Villages  
Better Home Market for Mixed Farming Products  
Higher Wheat Prices  
A Sample Market for Wheat  
Cheap Fruit  
Lower Duties on Implements  
A Sure Market for Barley  
An extra 25¢ a bushel for Flax  
A Bigger Market, stimulating Increased Production  
Lower Freight Rates and more Railways  
A contented, prosperous people  
A Square Deal for the Farmer

**VOTE FOR VAN WART**

**VOTE FOR VAN WART**

**VOTE FOR VAN WART**

**VOTE FOR VAN WART**

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# COLLINS SHUTT

PLOW COMPANY LIMITED

FOUR POPULAR PLOWS:  
JEWEL-HIGH LIFT GANG,  
JEWEL-HIGH LIFT GANG,  
BEAVER-HIGH LIFT GANG,  
EMPIRE CHIEF WATSON GANG.

# AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

## MAKING SHOT.

Method Employed by William Watts, the Inventor, Still Used.

The process of making the shot was invented by William Watts, a plowman of the Jewell-High Lift Gang, who was "built" by sawing a hole in the center of the shot, and then filling it with a mixture of molten lead and iron, which was allowed to solidify.

His tower is still in use, although it has been heightened by the addition of several stories. The lead, when molten, is poured into a sieve-like receptacle at the top of the tower, which is then passed through a series of sieves.

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## AIR BUBBLE POWER.

Northern Ontario Mine Has a Remarkable System.

Place in a mining camp a modern department store, completely equipped with telephone service and automobile delivery and selling hydraulic energy over the counter in hundred pound packages, and the city bread man may get a fair idea of what power plant means to an industrial community 1,000 miles from its supply.

In Northern Ontario, the power is in the form of a natural water power in itself. It is ten miles from Cobalt. Here the river for about 1,000 yards winds down a thirty-five foot grade and for four seasons in the year is a boiling, foaming torrent.

The theory as practiced was to divert this spring life down a 300 foot shaft near the top of the rapid, then catch the water between two dams, the water rising through the shaft leading up again to the top of the river 1,000 feet higher.

Building this power plant was about one hundred and twenty feet high. The shaft was completed, 600 feet across the top, and the water was allowed to flow into a large cubic tank, the centre of a large concrete dam, in the centre of a large concrete dam.

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## NA-DU-CO-SPEPSIA TABLETS

They correct stomach disorders, assist digestion, and make life worth living again for the victims of dyspepsia. 25c a box. If your druggist has not stocked them yet, send us 50c, and we will mail them.

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# Vote for BENNETT Sept. 7



## WHAT THE WEST WANTS

What the West wants in the Dominion Parliament today is men able to speak up and press its claims. If the West had the representation to which her population and territory entitle her it would not be so much so, but out of the limited number who will be sent this election there should be some who will command the ear of the house, and can put forth the claims of the West in clear and reasonable language. Such a man is R. B. Bennett, the present conservative candidate. He is recognized throughout Canada as one of the finest orators in the Dominion, and with that he has combined an exceptional amount of executive ability, which in the past he has exercised in the interests of Alberta, both in the Alberta Legislative Assembly and in the old Northwest Assembly. As junior member for Calgary he has consistently pushed the claims of the southern part of the province. In his private capacity he has built up an extensive legal practice, and his ability was recognised by the C.P.R. when they appointed him their solicitor. He has a large conception of the Imperial ideal, and it is a theme which he always preaches, in season and out of season.

His opponent, I. S. G. Van Wart, is a successful business man in Calgary, and has held a position under the Government as sheriff for a number of years, but beyond holding a few public offices in the city of Calgary, he has done nothing to entitle him to recognition. He is a man of few words and during the present campaign has never delivered a political speech of longer than ten minutes duration, and has never managed to say anything of moment in these ten minutes.

Do this people of this constituency want to be represented in Parliament by a cipher or by a statesman? Think it over.

## THE IMPERIAL IDEA

Some years ago Joseph Chamberlain, the great British statesman, who has ever since held the position of Secretary for the Colonies under the last Unionist Government urged the idea of a self-supporting and self-sustained British Empire, promulgated a scheme of Imperial Preference. This scheme has had the hearty approval and support of the Premiers of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and the other self-governing colonies expressed at the various Imperial Conferences. It is also a part of the established platform of the Conservative party in Great Britain, and is accepted by more than half the electors of Great Britain, though the question of Home Rule, by which the Irish Nationalist Party holds the balance of power in the Imperial Parliament, has prevented it being carried into effect as yet.

Joseph Chamberlain's scheme provides for taking the duties off raw materials at present imposed by Great Britain, and transferring these duties to manufactured products. It also provides for the putting a duty of 10 per cent. on all wheat shipped into Britain from a foreign country, with no duty at all on wheat from the Colonies, in return for a preference on British goods to be given by the Colonies. This of course, would give a great impetus to the growing of wheat in Canada and the prosperity of the Colonies would conduce to the prosperity of Britain. It would also ensure a steady food supply in time of war, and would strengthen the bonds of sentiment which at present are the only ones that unite the British Empire. It would be a benefit to all and a detriment to none.

It was this that President Taft was speaking of when he supported the Reciprocity agreement, and said that if it was not passed now it would be the last chance, for there was a movement on foot to unite Canada with Britain by a commercial tariff wall stretching all over the British Empire.

If reciprocity is turned down, this policy is certain to go into effect within a few years, and it would provide Canada with a preference in a market which is without doubt the greatest on earth. The British Empire comprises one-third of the surface of the globe, and one-fifth the total population of the globe are British subjects. With reciprocity the scheme will be impossible, as President Taft has seen. Canada is coming to be regarded as the keystone of the arch of Empire. Is she going to give up that proud position for the visionary advantages of the U.S. market, and sacrifice her future at the behest of President Taft. We will know the answer on September 21.

## FARMERS!! Don't be Misled A Vote for BENNETT Means

Preservation and extension of Home Markets.  
Better Prices for Home Produce.  
Fiscal and National Independence.  
Control of your own Natural Resources.  
A Member who will really represent you.  
Increased Immigration.  
Higher Values for Farm Lands.  
More Manufactures and Larger Towns and Cities.  
Better Shipping Facilities to the only real market.  
And therefore Better Prices for Grain.  
The Development of the East and West Route.  
Canada for the Canadians.  
Honest Government.  
Prosperity.

## THE CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM

"The Liberal Conservative party gives its pledge to carry out the following policy if returned to power:  
"(1) A thorough reorganization of the method by which public expenditure is supervised. The increase in what is known as ordinary controllable expenditure from \$21,500,000 in 1896 to nearly \$74,000,000 in 1911 is proof of extravagance beyond any possible denial.  
"(2) The granting of their natural resources to the Prairie Provinces.  
"(3) The construction of the Hudson Bay Railway and its operation by independent commission.  
"(4) The control and operation by the State of the terminal elevators.  
"(5) The necessary encouragement for establishing and carrying on the chilled meat industry.  
"(6) The establishment of a permanent tariff commission.  
"(7) The granting of substantial assistance towards the improvement of our public highways.  
"(8) The extension of free rural mail delivery.  
"(9) The extension of civil service reform.  
"(10) The granting of liberal assistance to the provinces for the purpose of supplementing and extending the work of agricultural education and for the improvement of agriculture.

"And lastly, we pledge ourselves to a course of policy and administration which will maintain independent and unimpaired the control of our own affairs by the Parliament of Canada; a policy which, while affording no just cause of complaint to any foreign nation will find its highest ideal in the autonomous development of Canada as a nation within the British Empire."

## How The Farmer Will Lose

The Albertan has detailed statistics in its issue of Wednesday, September 13, to show how the consumer is going to save money on his foodstuffs by the passing of the reciprocity agreement. But, according to the Albertan, he is going to save it at the expense of the farmer, who is the mainstay of the Calgary consumer. For instance, the Strathmore farmer will lose as follows if the reciprocity agreement passes:-

Potatoes, 45c per bushel  
Onions, 3c per bunch  
Cabbage, 2c per lb  
Carrots, 2c per lb  
Turnips, 1 1/2c per lb  
Tomatoes, 6c per lb  
Cauliflower, 10c per lb  
Eggs, 3 cents per dozen  
Butter 4c per lb.  
Chicken, 6c per lb.

The above represents the difference in prices.

These are the Albertan's figures. Now, we put it up to the farmers of this district, are they making an exorbitant profit on their prices at present for the produce enumerated. Reciprocity will mean that we will not be able to go in for mixed farming, and as long as we stick to straight grain growing we are told that we cannot become prosperous at least not on an 80 or 160 acre farm. Many farmers have been brought here being told that they could go in for mixed farming, and Professor Elliott and other experts have said that mixed farming was the salvation of this country.

The home market is the best market, as the Albertan has shown by its own figures. Vote for Bennett and preserve it.

## SEE THAT YOUR NAME IS ON THE VOTERS' LIST

(From the Boston Record)

## OUR GREATEST DUTY

The thought of EVERY man, year in and year out, should be directed to this, OUR greatest National, Economic, Political and Military SAFETY—

## THE ACQUISITION OF CANADA

The above was displayed in this style in The Boston Record for several days and a number of indignant Canadians, some living in Boston, have asked but it be reprinted.

## AN APPEAL TO REASON

On the 21st of September the electors of Strathmore and district will be called upon to exercise their voting privileges on one of the greatest questions on which their opinion has ever been asked in the history of this young and prosperous nation, a question which is not merely a question affecting Canada's future alone, or a question of dollars and cents, but one that affects the future of that great aggregation of English-speaking nations known as the British Empire. It is a question of whether we shall reverse the policy which has made us prosperous in the past, and which has increased the wealth and population of Canada in a manner previously unheard of or unequalled in the history of the world. Therefore it is a question which should be given the greatest and gravest consideration before the elector makes his mark on his ballot.

Thirty years ago the people of Canada, in face of what were then considered, by many, great and unsurmountable difficulties, set themselves to build up a great and independent nation out of a series of small and isolated communities, scattered over a distance of 3000 miles between the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans. They recognized that a bond of sentiment was not sufficient to unite these scattered communities and that it would be necessary to establish a bond of commerce to solidify their interests, although each might have to make what seemed to be a temporary sacrifice for the good of all.

To realize this it was necessary to erect a tariff wall around the whole dominion, and to build a railway stretching from coast to coast to make commerce possible between these divided communities. This entailed much expense and much hardship upon the people of this country. But it proved ultimately the policy which has led to the present united dominion.

Canada before that time had looked to the country to the south of it as a market for her agricultural products, and she had nothing else to sell at that time, but that nation resolutely refused to lower her tariff wall to admit them in. So Canada set herself to build up a home market and to establish means of transportation so that she could send her products to the great and free market of Great Britain. Canada now manufactures for herself, she mills her own wheat, she exports by Canadian railways, stores in her own elevators, shops through her own ports, and even in some cases now, loads on her own ships, to the markets of the world. From looking to the south for a market, Canada looked to a market which she had built up at home, and to the great market across the seas, and she gave up the idea within the last twenty years of making any concession to obtain a market which she did not need, and established a permanent market for which no concession was necessary. Sir Wilfred Laurier put the Canadian position well when he said in 1898 "Canada to-day is not in favor of reciprocity. There was a time when Canadians, beginning with myself, would have given many things to obtain the American market, but thank heaven these days are past and over." That was the position which Sir Wilfred Laurier, as a statesman, a patriot, as a business man, took up at that time. Why has he changed that opinion now? Is Canada less prosperous now or is her future bedeviled with uncertainty? Sir Wilfred spoke then as a statesman and a patriot. Now he speaks as an opportunist.

Why are the States offering us now what they would not offer in the past. Because their own natural resources are becoming depleted, and they have to import the raw materials for their export manufacturing trade for \$1,000,000,000 per year or to bring their manufacturing establishments over here. It is not because they love us any more than they did thirty years ago, when they turned down the offer we made them, and the rejection of which spurred us on to a policy of commercial independence. It is only a matter of six or seven months ago that lurid headlines appeared in most of the newspapers in the States in a frenzied effort to keep U.S. citizens from crossing the border. "Why go to Canada" was shouted in newspaper headlines, in State legislatures, in booklets, and in every possible manner. But the movement failed, because the ordinary citizens knew that Canada had the goods, and he came, and will come in increasing numbers every year. Is the reciprocity offer not another means to the same end? American-born citizens and those who come from across the seas, should recognize, and do recognize, since they have made their home here they should do their utmost to further the prosperity of the country, apart altogether from patriotic feelings, for prosperity for Canada means prosperity for every one of her citizens. The interests of all are interwoven, and for a political cement or two more for wheat should the Canadian citizen, whether Canadian by birth or Canadian by adoption, see his country, which at present is a commercial unit, split into various parts with interests that are commercially separate.

For this is what it means, if what the Liberal press and platform is true. Our natural products are to be shipped southward, instead of being manufactured here and exported across the ocean. Our beef and cattle are to be shipped to Chicago to provide labor for the American workmen, and profits for the Beef Trust. Our wheat is to be milled at Minneapolis instead of Winnipeg. We are to be buyers, not producers, and drawers of water to the highly organized and protected industries of the United States. This is the view taken by the American nation, from President Taft downwards. Read their speeches and see. They are not fools. They do not want to see a commercial unit split into the same contentions competing with them in the markets of the world, and the only way they see to prevent it is to control the natural resources of that rival.

The wider market cry is the main stock in trade of the Liberal party in this election. But how are Canada to find a wider market for their goods than what they have in their own home market and great Britain, especially in a country which exports more wheat than we do, and a great amount more flour.

A vote for Bennett is a vote for the National Policy of commercial and political independence.











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